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# Basics of Elder Law: Dying is Not the Problem!

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## The Elder Law Bucket List

### •Planning for Incapacity

• Advance Directives

#### •Planning for Death

- Last Will and Testament
- Revocable Trust
- •Planning for Long-Term Care
  - Irrevocable Trust ("Medicaid Trust")



# Advance Directives

•Power of Attorney

- Boilerplate forms off the internet are insufficient
- Must be modified by an elder law attorney
- Failure to have a proper POA results in a guardianship

#### •Health Care Proxy

• Make sure you state your wishes regarding artificial nutrition and hydration

•Burial Remains Form

•Living Will



## Paying For Long-Term Care

•Everyone may fall ill someday; AND

•If you fall ill, you may require long-term care....SO....

## HOW WILL YOU PAY FOR IT?



## 4 Ways To Pay For Long-Term Care

•Private

- •Long-Term Care Insurance
- •Medicare

•Medicaid





### Medicaid Trust

•"Bread and Butter" planning technique to plan in advance and protect your assets in contemplation of future long-term care needs

•Referred to colloquially as a "Medicaid Trust"

•Irrevocable – but a properly drafted trust will provide for flexibility

•5- year look- back period



# Ins and Outs of a Medicaid Trust

•You are the creator (not the trustee); Usually children are the trustees

- •You have the right to live on the property transferred to the trust
- •The trustee (not you) can sell the property but only with your consent
- •You can remove and replace the trustee
- •You can change the beneficiaries of the trust
- •You still get the STAR exemption or any other exemption
- •If the property is sold, you still qualify for the gain exclusion
- •After 5 years, the assets transferred to the trust are protected
- •When you die, the trust terminates



# Last Will and Testament vs. Revocable Trust

#### Last Will and Testament

- May necessitate a <u>PROBATE</u> proceeding
  - » Probate could take months
  - » Open door for heirs to contest
  - » Must probate in all states where you have property ("ancillary probate")
  - » Could be costly in legal fees

•Revocable Trust

• Avoids Probate



# **Categorical Factors to Avoid Probate**

•Property in more than one state

•Distant heirs

•Disinheriting heirs

Medicaid recipient

• Medicaid has a claim against your probate estate

•Estate plan includes trusts

- Minor beneficiaries
- Disabled beneficiaries
- Estate tax planning